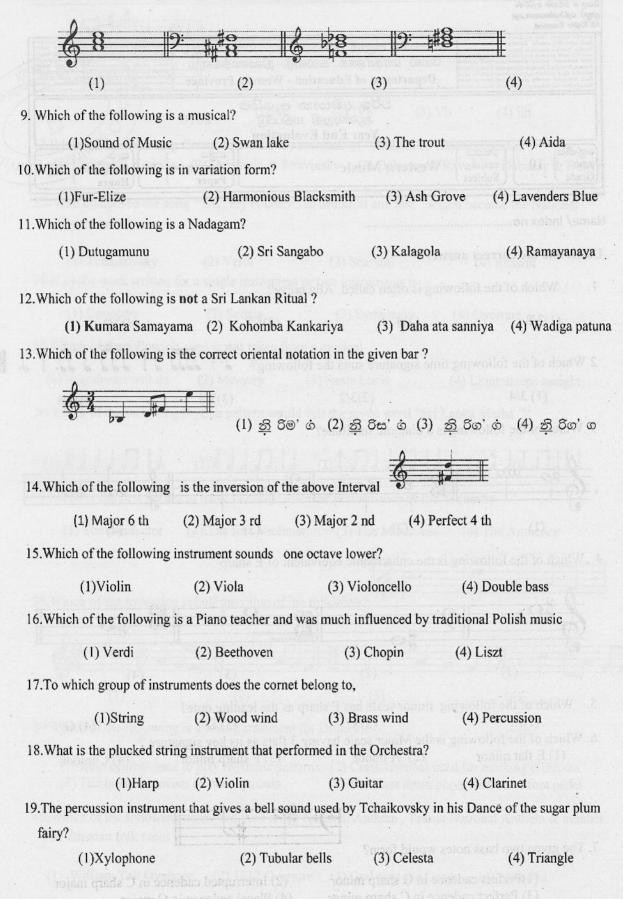
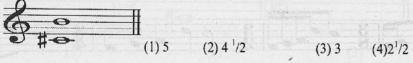


-01-

- 7. The given two bass notes would form?
  - (1)Perfect cadence in G sharp minor
- (2) Interrupted cadence in C sharp major
- (3) Perfect cadence in C sharp minor
- (4) Plagal cadence in G major



(1).Only male actors	(2) Performed in open	air places
(3) Grand costumes & jewellery	(4) used Maddalaya	
1. Which two composers belonged to the same period	1?	
(1)Mozart and Scarlatti	(2) Schubert and Schu	mann
(3) Beethoven and Handel	(4) Bach and Debussy	14.) Francii de Testemang ( VII) Matema & Kodalyon
2. Which of the following symphony includes a bird	song and a storm?	artos are bassácsos elf.W. El
(1)Beethoven's Pastoral (2) Mozart's Jupiter	(3) Liszt's Faust	(4) Haydn's Surprise
3. Which of the following is a composition by Gersh	win ? (545 V (5)	(1) I chaikovsky
(1) Peter and the wolf (2) Rhapsody in Blue (3	3) St. John's Passion (4)	Sub Merged Cathedral
Which of the following is <b>not</b> written for the piano?	e constant (2)	Concerno (1)
(1)Minute Waltz (2) Magic Flute (3) Alb	oum for the Young (4)	Moon light Sonata
.Which of the following would be the correct way of	playing this ornament?	oh lliw mesih yuA (1)
it the given word "So Lanka Mathe "?		6. Which of the following ra
*	9. 8.8.	
	7.	
.Which of the following Term describes to play the r	System of the same	Topico and topic of (1)



28. Which of the following type of music is associated with a story, scene, poem or idea?

(1)Oratorio (2) Programme music

(3) film music

(4) Symphony

29. Which of the following is a Calypso song

(1) Ash Grove

(2) Jamaican Fare well

3)My Bonnie

(4) Edelweiss .

30. Which of the following is a pattern of upper tetra chord of B major?

(1)ABC\*D

 $(2)F^{\#}G^{\#}A^{\#}B$ 

(3) BC\*D\*E

-03-

(4)BCDE

31. Which of the following Roman numeral fits the following?



(4) iib

32. Which of the following Composers were the founders of "School of Impressionism"

(1) Britten & Kodaly (2) Gershwin & Stravinsky (3) Debussy & Ravel (4) Debussy & Bolero

33. Who composed the song "Oh, my country, so beautiful and lost" which became the National Hymn in Italy

(1) Tchaikovsky

(2) Verdi

(3) Scarlatti

(4) Rossini

34.A cyclic work written for a single instrument or two instruments is

(1) Concerto

(2) Sonata

(3) Symphony

(4) Overture

35. Which of the following song is not taken from a musical

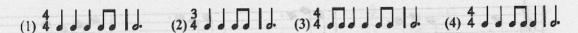
(1) Any dream will do

(2) Memory

(3) Santa Lucia

(4) Lions sleeps tonight

36. Which of the following rhythm pattern would suit the given word "Sri Lanka Matha"?



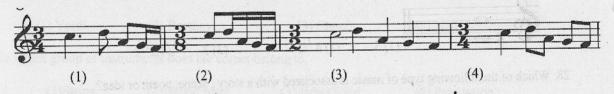
37. Who is the first person to leave the stage after the performance of the orchestra

(1) The conductor

(2) The first Violinist (3) The Musicians (4) The Audience



38. Which of the following is half the value of the following?



39. Which of the following is a wrong statement for Drum kit

(1) Ride cymbal used to play rhythmic patterns (2) Crash Cymbal used for marking climaxes

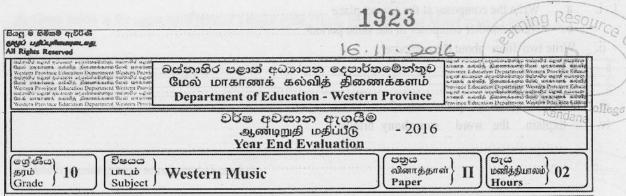
(3) The hi-hats consists of two Cymbals

(4) The Bass drum plays without a foot pedal

40. Which of the following music has the French National Anthem, Tsarist National Anthem & number of Russian folk tunes

(1) William Tell Overture

(2) 1812 Overture (3) God save the Queen



Name/Index.....

## Answer question one which is compulsory and 4 others selecting two from each part A and B

01. The questions are based on the given Music. Following composition is written by the composer who was famous for lieder, born in 1797 in Vienna



l. i.	a. Write the composer at the correct place b. Name another composer of the same period
ii.	Write two lines about the composer
iii.	Explain the term "poco cresc"
iv.	Explain the word symphony briefly
	action   131   Subject   Western Wilnes   Education   Subject   Conference   Conf
ν.	Give the corresponding compound time signature of the piece
vi.	Write the appropriate Roman numeral below the bracket as A
	Though extrapolity have been desired as full before the courses significants. Uppropriate extensions in which the
vii. viii.	Name the Cadence at the end
VIII.	Name the interval marked in bar 3
ix.	What do you notice about bars 1-9 and 10-18 (the melody)
	The Committee Symphony
••••	Allegro moderato
х.	Name the form of this music
xi.	Name the key of this piece and the relative minor of it
	88868   88868   22322   12222   12424
х.	Transpose the 1st phrase(four bars) of the treble part in to the Alto clef

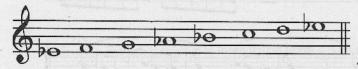
## Part- A

## 2)Write the following Scales.

i. Given below is a harmonic minor scale beginning on the tonic. Re-write the scale adding accidentals to make it a major Scale starting from the given Tonic, Mark semitones (3 marks)

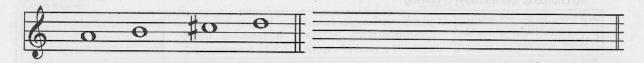


ii. Given below is a major scale beginning on the tonic. Name the tonic minor of this Scale.(1 marks)

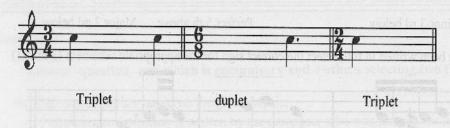


Tonic minor.....

iii. Given below is the upper tetrachord of a major scale, Build up the relavant Major scale.(5 marks)



iv. Add irregular groups as required (3 marks)



3.i. Write the following Triads as required. (Using the key signature) (4 marks)



Mediant Triad in G major , Dominant Triad in E flat major, Sub-dominant Triad in A minor , Leading note Triad in B minor Root position First Inversion Second Inversion First Inversion

ii. Transpose the given tune in the Bass to the male's highest voice, using the proper clef. (4 marks)



iii. Complete the following chords in the key of B flat major by adding parts for Alto, Tenor and Bass (4 marks)



Root Position - Tonic First inversion - Sub-dominant , Second Inversion - Tonic , Root position - Dominant (IVb) (Ic) (I)

4) i. Taking the time signature in to account write the required note forming a melodic interval at each asterisk(\*) to complete the melody(3 marks)



ii)These ornaments have been written in full, select the correct sign for the appropriate ornament (3 marks)



iii. Write the Perfect cadence in F sharp minor for SATB using accidentals to the given Bass notes. Notice the time-signature (3 marks)



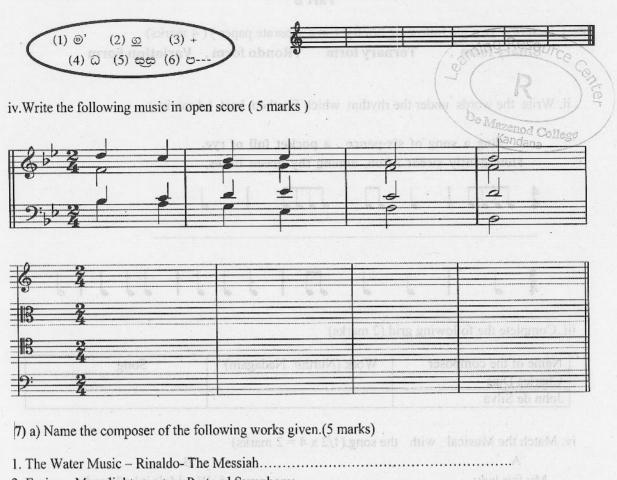
2.

iv. Give the English meanings to these Italian terms. (3 marks)

## Part B

05. i. Describe two the following briefly. (in a separate paper) (4 marks) Binary form, Ternary form , Rondo form, Variation Form ii. Write the words under the rhythm which fits them best. (4 marks) Sing a song of six-pence, a pocket full of rye. Flow gently sweet Afton, among thy green braes, iii.. Complete the following grid (2 marks) Name of the composer Work (Nurthi/ Nadagam) Song Charles Dias John de Silva iv. Match the Musical with the song.  $(1/2 \times 4 = 2 \text{ marks})$ i. The Water Music - Rinaldo-B be Mestah ..... My fair lady ...... 1. Wouldn't it be loverly Wizard of Oz...... 2. Edelweiss 2. Edelweiss 2. Edelweiss 2. Sound of Music ...... 3. Chim chim cherry (6) i. Fill the blanks with suitable words. (1/2 x4 = 2 marks)( 12 stringed Guitars, Double stopping, Flute, Slide, Piccolo) The ...... of the Trombone is the U shaped tube moves in & out of the main tube. The three different types of Guitars are Classical, Acoustic and ...... b. The method of fingering in a ...... and ..... are same. d. ..... is when two notes are played at the same time. form Percents of Romantic Periods, f. State  $\sqrt{\text{ or } \times (1/2 \text{ x4} = 2 \text{ marks})}$ ii. a. The Viola is about 2" inches bigger than the Violin..... b. The spike of the Cello can be adjusted to the most comfortable position for the player. ... d.All Saxophones are transposing instruments. .....

iii. Identify and write the correct names and signs using western notation (3 marks)



- 3. Sleeping beauty Swan lake Pathetique Symphony ......
- 4. King Lear Golliwoggs Cake walk, Pelleas et Melisande.....
- 5. Lohengrin The Ring-Faust Symphony ......
- b) Underline the correct answer (2 marks-1/2 each) = 5x 2.45 above sideline (b) w planted and 104 1 400
- 1. (Debussy, Wagner) was born in (Paris Vienna) in (France Germany). He composed (Prelude to the afternoon of a fawn Flying Dutchman), an impressionistic tone poem for orchestra. He used the (whole tone scale Pentatonic scale) in most of his compositions.

2. (Mozart-Beethoven) was born in (1756-1779) in (Austria-Germany) was named as child prodigy and also called the (father of string quartets- Prince of concertos). He composed (Aida -Magic flute)

c) Name 2 composers who were born in the same year from Baroque or Romantic Periods. (2 marks)